A Miracle of the Archangel Uriel Worked for Abba Giyorgis of Gasəčča

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To date, the history of Abba Giyorgis of Gasəčča or Sägla is known from two different compositions, the teacher's gädl and one of the miracles of the Archangel Uniel. The two sources complement each other as each contains pertinent pieces of information that the other does not. "The Miracle of Saint Uriel the Archangel" that I present here includes in the list of Abba Giyorgis' works certain works that have not previously been included. As such, the miracle challenges us to search more diligently for copies of the works to which scholars have not yet had access.

Introduction:

The miracle of the Archangel Uriel worked for Abba Giyorgis of Gasəçça (who died on Hamle 7, 1417 EC = July 1, 1425 A.D.) is preserved in five EMML manuscripts, all copied in the twentieth century. I present it here, with a translation, for two reasons. First, it is part of the history of Abba Givorgis of Gasəčča or Sägla, the most prominent scholar of Gə'əz literature in the fifteenth century. Second, it might serve to kindle interest in the study of the other interesting texts in the *Dərsanä 'Uru 'el* or Homiliary in Honor the Archangel Uriel from which the miracle story is taken.

The manuscripts in question are EMML 1942 (A), ff. 63b-67b; EMML 144 (B), ff. 62a-64a; 327 (C), ff. 32b-35b; EMML 7262 (D), ff. 99b-104b; and EMML 6772, ff. 20a-23a. I used the first four only, making EMML 1942 (A), ff. 63b-67b, the basis of my edition. I excluded EMML 6772 from the study because it is hopelessly badly copied². EMML 7262 (D), by contrast, is very beautifully copied, but it is, unfortunately, an edited version rather than a direct copy from another manuscript. Its editor excluded most unintelligible expressions either by not copying them or by rephrasing them as he understood them.

EMML 1942 (A) and EMML 7262 call the Archangel *'Uru'el* while EMML 144 (B) calls him 'Ur'el, and EMML 6772 and the manuscript that Caquot used for his edition of one of the homilies call him 'Ura'el³. For the English, I will use the name Uriel, and for the text, the form 'Uru'el, of A, as A is the basis of my edition.

Like the manuscripts, the texts in the *Dorsan* are also recent. They were, most probably, composed during the reign of Aze Menelik⁴. I note that the miracle calls Hamle 7--the day it claims Abba Giyorgis was born--a holy day of the Trinity. We know from other sources that this holy day was first declared as such by Aze Iyyasu (1682-1706) when his church of Däbrä Bərhan Śəllase, in Gondär, was consecrated on Hamle 7, 1686 EC (= July 11, 1694 AD). However, the author is knowledgeable of the

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For the description of EMML 1942, see Getatchew Haile and William F. Macomber, *A Catalogue of Ethiopian Manuscripts*, vol. V, pp. 440-7; and for EMML 144 and EMML 327, Macomber, *A Catalogue of Ethiopian Manuscripts*, Vol. I, p. 146, and Macomber, *A Catalogue of Ethiopian Manuscripts*, Vol. II, p. 29, respectively. EMML 6772 and EMML 7262 are not yet catalogued.

See Caquot, "L'Honélie en l'honneur de l'Archange Ouriel, pp. 61-88.

⁴See Caquot's introduction to his edition of the Homily.

tradition of Abba Giyorgis, as some of his pertinent facts are corroborated by the saint's Gädl⁵

It is possible, but unlikely, that the author of this miracle knew of the saint's Gädl. The Gädl is very rare: we know of only three copies, and Colin had access to only one, recent (eighteenth- or nineteenth-century) copy, EMML 1838, belonging to the Monastery of Däbrä Hayg, the monastery of the saint⁶. It seems that both authors drew their facts from oral tradition, rather than the one from the other, and embellished their composition with their explanations of events in the saint's life. It should, therefore, not be surprising that, occasionally, the authors report different spiritual aberrations experienced by the saint. Nevertheless, the two sources complement each other more than they do not.

As far as I know, this miracle story is the only source that clearly lists the works of Abba Giyorgis⁷. The Amharic introduction to the Mäṣḥafä Sä'atat, published in Gə'əz and Amharic, by Aläqa Mäk^wännən Sälomon et al, is nothing more than a slightly modified translation of this miracle⁸. It is clear from their composition that they, too, had not seen the saint's *Gädl*.

Text:

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(f. 63b) **ተአምሪሁ፡ ለቅዱስ፡ ዑሩኤል<sup>9</sup>፡ ሊቀ፡ መሳእክት። ጸሎቱ፡ ወበረከቱ፡ የሃሉ፡
ምስለ¹0; ፍቁሩ: ገብረ: ሕይወት¹¹; *ወምስለ: ጸሐፊሁ: ኃዯእ: ወአባሲ: ወልደ: ሥሳሴ¹²;
  ወኮን: *በመዋሪለ: ንገሥን<sup>13</sup>; ዳግማዊ: ዳዊት: ወነበረ: ፩ብእሲ: መኰንን: ሸግላ:
መፍቀሬ<sup>14</sup>: ዑሩኤል፡ ሊቀ፡ መሳእክት። ወሤሞ፡ ንጉሥነ፡ ዳዊት፡ ርእሰ፡ መኳንንት፡
ቀዳማዊ: ዘሰብአ ትግሬ^{15}: እስመ: አቡሁ: *ኮን: ቀዳሙ^{16}: መስፍነ^{17}: ትግራው^{2}ን^{18}::
ወሙሳዱኒ: እምሀገረ፡ አኵስም፡ ውእቱ¹º፡ እምዘርዓ፡ ሌዋውያን²º፡ እምሕዝብ²ነ፡ ቅዱሳን፡
ዘኮኑ<sup>22</sup>; ዘርዓ; ዮፍታሔ፣ ወጌዴዎን፣ እለ፣ ማጽኡ; ምስለ፣ ታቦተ፣ ጽዮን<sup>23</sup>; በማዋዕለ፣
ወልዱ: ለሰሎሞን: ንጉሥ: ከዊኖሙ: ርእሰ: ሥራዊት: ዘውእቱ: ወልደ: ንጉሥ: ሰሎሞን<sup>24</sup>::
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⁵For example, both the miracle and the *gädl* speak of the enigmatic "5"--here, "five psalms of David," and in the Gädl (p. 12-13), "five words of mystery"--the saint authored after he drank from the chalice of perception or knowledge or life. See Colin, Vie de Georges de Saglā, pp. 12-13. Interestingly, both sources testify that *Hohotä B ərhan* was his first composition.

⁷For the list and more information on the saint, see Getatchew Haile and William F. Macomber, A Catalogue of Ethiopian Manuscripts, vol. V, p. 339-40; and Colin, Vie de Georges de Saglā, pp. VI-XIII. 8See Bibliography.

⁹B consistently ዑርኤል፡

¹⁰C ends this sentence with ምስሌን፡ አሜን፡፡

¹¹B ወልደ፡ ፋሲለደስ፡

¹²*B ለዓለ*መ*፡ ዓለም፡ አ*ሜን*፡፡ **D በስመ፡ አብ፡ ወወልድ፡ ወመንፈስ፡ ቅዱስ፡ ፩አምላክ፡ ንጽሕፍ፡ ዜና፡ ተአምሪሁ: ለሲቀ: መሳእክተ: ዑሩኤል: ጸሎቱ: ወሀብተ: ረድኤቱ: የሃሉ: ምስለ: ንጉሥነ: ኃይለ: ሥሳሴ: ወምስለ፡ ንግሥትን፡ ወለተ፡ ጊዮርጊስ፡ ወምስለ፡ ኵልን፡ ውሉደ፡ ተምቀት፡ ወምስለ፡ አብባቢሁ፡ ለዓለመ፡

¹³For በመዋዕለ፡ ንጉሥነ፡; CD በመዋዕለ፡ ንጉሥነ፡; B በመዋዕሊሁ፡ ለንጉሥነ፡

¹⁴D adds *ቅዱ*ስ፡

¹⁵D **ትግ**ራ፡

¹⁷D ምስፍ**ነ**፡

¹⁸C ተግሬው ያን:

¹⁹D ውእቱኒ፡

²⁰D ሊዋው*ያ*ን: ²¹BCD ወአምሕዝብ፡

²²B omits.

²³D adds **ዘ**እግዝእትነ፡ *ግር* የም፡

²⁴B omits.

እስም፡ ሰሎሞን²⁵፡ ሶበ፡ አንገሦ፡ ለወልዱ፡ ውስተ፡ ሀገረ፡ እሙ²⁶፡ ኢትዮጵ*ያ*²⁷፡ ፈንዎሙ²⁸፡ ምስለ፡ ወልዱ፡ ለደቂቀ፡ ፳ኤል²⁹፡ ውስተ፡ ሀገረ፡ ትግሬ፡፡ ወበእንተዝ፡ ሢሞ³⁰፡ ዳዊት፡ ዳግማዊ³¹፡ ለውእቱ፡ *ሙ*ኰንን፡ ርእሰ³²፡ መሳፍንት፡ ዘሀገረ፡ ትግሬ፡፡

መውእቱ፡ መኰንን፡ ኮን፡ ዘአልቦቱ³³፡ ውሉ(f. 64a)ድ፡፡ መበእንተዝ፡ ነገር፡ ይበውዕ³፡፡ ቅድመ፡ ስአሉ፡ ለቅዱስ፡ ዑሩኤል፡ ሊቀ፡ መሳአክት፡ ውስተ³⁵፡ ቤተ፡ *ክርስቲያን፡ ዘአግዝእትን³፡ ማርያም፡ ወሳዲተ፡ አምሳክ፡ ድንግል፡ በ፪³ ዘሀገሪ፡ ሸግሳ፡ ዘትሰመይ³ዩ፡ ደብሪ፡ ማጎው፡ ይጼሊ³9፡ ውስቴታ፡ ወይሰማድ፡ እንዘ⁴0፡ ይበኪ፡ ብዙታ፡ መዋዕለ፡፡ ወይቤ፡ አአምሳከ⁴፡ ዑሩኤል፡ ሊቀ፡ መሳእክት፡ ዘተታሥሮ፡ ለዕቡይ፡ ወታሌዕሎ⁴፡ ለትሑት⁴³፡ ዘፈጠርከ፡ ኵሎ፡ በጥበበ፡ ሥሳሴከ፡ ቅድስት፡ አምኀበ፡ አልቦ⁴፡፡ ወአልቦ፡ ዘይስዓንከ፡፡ ወኵሉ፡ ነገር⁴5፡ ይትከሀለከ⁴6፡፡ ለምንት፡ ትትሔየየኒ⁴7፡ ለገብርከ፡ በእንተ፡ ታጢአትየ፡ አሳ⁴ዩ፡ ዳዕሙ፡ ተዘከር፡ ኪዳን፡ አብርሃም፡ ፍቁርከ፡ ወይስሐቅ፡ ቁልዔከ፡ ወያሪቆብ፡ ቅዱስከ⁴፡ ዘተናገርኮሙ፡ እንዘ፡ ትብል፡ በኪዳን፡ ቃልከ፡ ዘኢይትሔሰው፡ አን፡ አበዝጎ፡ ዘርዓክሙ⁵0፡ አምኮከበ፡ ሰማይ፡ ወእምኆፃ፡ ባሕር⁵¹፡፡ *ቀዲሙኒ፡ ወዮምኒ፡ አንተ፡ አምሳከ⁵²፡ ኵሉ፡ ፍጥረት፡፡ ስምዓኒ፡ አግዚአ፡ ጸሎትዮ⁵³፡ ወአጽምዓኒ፡ ቃለ፡ ስእለትየ፡ በአንተ፡ እግዝአትን፡ ማርያም፡ *ወሳዲተ፡ አምሳክ፡ ድንግል⁵⁴፡ ወበእንተ⁵⁵፡ ዑሩኤል፡ መልአክ፡ ዓቃቤ፡ ትእዛዝከ፡፡ ሀበኒ፡ ወልደ፡ ዘያውምሪከ፡ ወዘይገብር፡ ፈቃደከ⁵6፡ በከመ፡ ገ(f. 64b)ብሩ⁵7፡ አበውዮ⁵8፡ እስራኤሳውያን⁵9፡ እለ ኢየአምሩ⁰፡ ባዕደ፡ አምሳከ፡፡ ዘእንበሌከ፡፡ ዘአልብዮ⁰²፡ መልድ፡ ለመኑ⁰³፡ ትሁቦ፡ *ሚመተ፡ አበውዮ⁰⁴፡ ንጹሐን፡ እለ፡ ይገብሩ⁶⁵፡ ፈቃደከ፡ ትካት⁰⑥፡ በቃለ፡

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<sup>25</sup>D adds 71/":
<sup>26</sup>D omits.
<sup>27</sup>D adds ሀገረ: እሙ:
<sup>28</sup>D ወፈነወ:
<sup>29</sup>D እስራኤል፡ በበማሪርጊ ሆሙ፡፡
<sup>30</sup>For ሤም፡; BCD ሤም፡
<sup>31</sup>B omits.
<sup>32</sup>B adds መኳንንት
<sup>33</sup>D አልቦቱ፡
<sup>34</sup>B ቆመ ;
<sup>35</sup>D ወውስተ፡
<sup>36</sup>B ክርስቲያና፡ ለእግዝእትን፡; D ክርስቲያን፡ ዘእግዝእትን፡ ቅድስት፡
<sup>37</sup>D በ፪ኤ
<sup>38</sup>D ወተሰምይ:
<sup>39</sup>B ዘይኤሊ፡
<sup>40</sup>C adds ይሰማድ፡
<sup>41</sup>D adds ቅዱስ፡
<sup>42</sup>C ወዘታሌዕሎ፡
<sup>43</sup>BCD ለነዳይ:
<sup>44</sup>D adds ከሚተከ፡ ጎበ፡ ቦ፡
<sup>45</sup>D ግብር፡
<sup>46</sup>BD ዘይትከሃለከ፡
<sup>47</sup>B ተተየኒ፡; D ተተሐየየኒ፡
<sup>48</sup>B omits.
<sup>49</sup>C ቅዱስ፡
<sup>50</sup>C ዘርእከ፡
<sup>51</sup>D ዘባሕር፡
<sup>52</sup>D ወይእዜኒ፡ አንተ፡ ቀዲሙ፡ አንተ፡ ዮምኒ፡ ኦአምሳከ፡
<sup>53</sup>B adds ወስአለተየ፡
<sup>54</sup>BCD ወሳዲትከ፡
<sup>55</sup>CD add ቅዱስ፡
<sup>56</sup>B ትእዛዘከ፡
<sup>57</sup>B 111ሬ; D 111ሬh; C omits.
<sup>58</sup>D ለአበውዮ:
<sup>59</sup>B ፳ኤላው,ዖን:
<sup>60</sup>B ኢያአምሩ፡
<sup>61</sup>B አምሳክ፡
<sup>62</sup>B ለዘአልብየ፡; D ወለእም፡ አልብየ፡
<sup>63</sup>D ለሕመ;
<sup>64</sup>B ሢመቶሙ: ለአበውየ:
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ሕንዘ⁷⁹: ይገብር⁸⁰: ዘንተ፡ ነገሪ⁸¹: ኵሎ፡ ጊዜ፡ ቅድመ፡ ስእሉ፡ ለዑሩኤል⁸²: ሊቀ፡ መሳእክት፡ በጸሎት፡ ወበአንብዕ፡ ብዙኅ⁸³፡ እንዘ፡ ይበኪ፡ ወይሰማድ፡ ውስተ፡ ደብረ፡ ማኅው፡ ዘሀገረ፡ ሸግላ⁸⁴፡ *አፀደ፡ እግዝእትነ⁸⁵፡ ማርያም፡ ወሳዲተ፡ አምሳክ፡ ወአሐተ፡ ዕለተ፡ መጽአ⁸⁶፡ ቅዱስ፡ ዑሩኤል⁸⁷፡ እምሳዕለ፡ ሰማይ⁸⁸፡ ኀቤሁ⁸⁹፡ እንዘ፡ ሀሎ፡ *ቅድመ፡ ስእሉ፡ ይኤሊ⁹⁰፡፡ ወይቤሎ፡ ሰሳም፡ ለከ፡ አፍቁርየ፡ ሕይወት፡ ብን፡ ገብሩ፡ ለወልደ፡ አምሳክ፡ እግዚእን፡ ኢየሱስ፡ ክ(f. 65a)ርስቶስ፡ እስመ፡ ተሰምዓ፡ ጸሎትከ፡ ወስእለትከ፡ ወምጽዋትከ፡ በሥናይ⁹¹፡ አምልኮ፡ ቅድመ፡ እግዚአብሔር፡ አኀዜ፡ ኵሉ፡ ዓለም፡፡ ናሁ፡ ብእሲትከ፡ ትፀንስ፡ በዝንቱ፡ ሰሙን፡ ወትወልድ፡ ወልደ፡ ሥናየ፡ ዘይከውን⁹²፡ መምሕረ⁹³፡ ኵሉ⁹⁴፡ ዓለም፡ ወበጸሎተ፡ ዘያድኅን፡ እሞተ፡ ሲአል፡፡ ፍቁረ፡ *ማርያም፡ ድንግል⁹⁵፡ *ወሳዲቱ፡ ለአማትኤል⁹⁶፡፡ መገሥፆሙ⁹⁷፡ ለነገሥት፡ ወፀሮሙ፡ ለዓሳውያነ⁹⁸፡ ሃይማኖት፡ በሰይፈ⁹⁹፡ ቃሎሙ፡ ለሐዋርያት፡ ዘያጠፍአሙ¹⁰⁰፡ እምብሔረ፡ ኢትዮጵያ፡፡ ወለካህናተ፡ ጽድቅ፡ ዘይመርሆሙ፡ አምጽልመተ፡ ጉፋቴ፡ መንገለ፡ ብርሃነ¹⁰¹፡ ወንጌሉ፡ ለክርስቶስ፡ በትምህርተ¹⁰²፡ ሕጎሙ፡

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<sup>65</sup>B delets ℒ.
<sup>66</sup>C omits.
<sup>67</sup>B ንጽሐን፡
<sup>68</sup>CD ዮም፡
<sup>69</sup>B omits.
<sup>70</sup>CD እስራኤል፡
<sup>71</sup>D ትእዛዘከ፡
<sup>72</sup>D ኵሎ፡
<sup>73</sup>BD ጸግወኒ:
<sup>74</sup>CD add እስከ፡
<sup>75</sup>D adds ዘያሥምር፡
<sup>76</sup>BCD መቅደስከ፡
<sup>77</sup>D omits.
<sup>78</sup>D adds ቅዱስ፡
<sup>79</sup>B ወእንዘ፡
<sup>80</sup>D ይትመሐሰል፡
<sup>81</sup>D እንዘ፡ ይብል፡
<sup>82</sup>CD ለቅዱስ፡ ዑሩኤል፡
<sup>83</sup>Č ብዙኃ፡
<sup>84</sup>D ሰግሳ፡
<sup>85</sup>D ዓቢይ፡ ዘእግዝእትን፡
<sup>86</sup>D adds ኀቤሁ፡
<sup>87</sup>D adds ሊቀ: መሳእክት:
<sup>88</sup>BCD ሰማያት፡
89D omits.
<sup>90</sup>D በጸሎት፡ ከመ፡ ቀዳሚ፡
<sup>91</sup>B በሥናየ:
<sup>92</sup>D ወይከውን:
<sup>93</sup>C adds ቅዱሳን፡
<sup>94</sup>C ኩሉ፡
<sup>95</sup>D ቅድስት፡ ድንግል፡ ማርያም፡
<sup>96</sup>B ወሳዲተ፡ አማኑኤል፡<sub>;</sub> D ወሳዲተ፡ አምሳክ፡ ውእቱ፡
97CD Omp pos:
<sup>98</sup>D ለዕልዋን፡
<sup>99</sup>D ወሰይፈ:
<sup>100</sup>B ዘያጠፍሪ፡
<sup>101</sup>B ብርሃን፡ ቃለ፡; D ብርሃን፡ ቃለ፡
<sup>102</sup>D ወትምህርተ፡
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ለሐዋርያት፡ ወቃለ¹⁰³፡ ትንቢቶሙ፡ ወበሥርዓቶሙ¹⁰⁴፡ ለንቢያተ፡ ፳ኤል¹⁰⁵፡ ቅዱሳን፡ እለ፡ ከዓዉ፡ ደሞሙ፡ በእንተ¹⁰⁶፡ እግዚአብሔር፡ እመዋዕለ¹⁰⁷፡ ሙሴ፡ ወአሮን፡ እስከ፡ ደመ፡ ዘካርያስ፡ ወልደ፡ በራክዩ፡፡ ወበቃለ፡ ድርሳን፡ ውዳሴሁ፡ ይሴብሕዎ፡ ለእግዚአብሔር፡ እለ፡ *ውስተ፡ ኵሉ፡ ዓለም¹⁰⁸፡ መዘምራን፡ ካህናት፡ ዘእግዚአብሔር¹⁰⁹፡፡

ወሶበ: ሰምዓ፡ ንገረ፡ ብስራት፡ ጥቀ፡ ደንገጸ፡፡ ወኃደረ፡ ፫ዕለተ¹¹⁰፡ በአንክሮ፡፡ እስመ፡ ርእየተ፡ ገጹ፡ መንክር፡ ወዕፁብ፡ ወግሩም፡ ወጣዕመ፡ ቃሉሂ¹¹¹፡ ያስተፈሥሕ¹¹²፡ ጥቀ¹¹³፡ አምአስካለ፡ ወይን፡ ወሀሊብ፡፡ ወ(f. 65b)እምዝ፡ በውእቱ፡ ሰሙን፡ ፀንሰት፡ ብእሲቱ¹¹⁴፡ *አመ፡ ፫ለወርኃ¹¹⁵፡ ጥቅምት¹¹⁶፡ በዘመን፡ ጽጌ፡ ወመዓዛ፡ ኵሉ፡ አፈዋት፡ ወወለዶት¹¹⁷፡ አመ፡ ፫ለሐምሌ¹¹⁸፡ በበዓለ፡ ቅድስት፡ ሥሳሴ፡ ገባርያን፡ ኵሉ¹¹⁹፡ ዓለማት፡፡

ወበውእቱ፡ ዕለት፡ ጊዜ፡ ተወልደ፡ ዝ¹²⁰፡ ሕፃን፡ መጽአ¹²¹፡ ውእቱ፡ ሊቀ፡ መሳእክት፡ ዑሩኤል¹²²፡ ጎበ፡ እሙ፡ ወቆመ፡ መልዕልተ፡ ቤታ፡፡ ወአስተርአያ፡ በሕልም¹²³፡ ወይቤሳ፡ ለዝንቱ¹²⁴፡ *ሕፃንኪ¹²⁵፡ ይኩን፡ ስሙ፡ ጊዮርጊስ፡ ልሳን፡ ዕፍረት¹²⁶፡ ሐዲስ¹²⁷፡ ሐዋርያ፡ ከመ፡ ጴጥሮስ፡ ወጳውሎስ፡፡ ይከውን¹²⁸፡ ሃይማኖቱ¹²⁹፡ ወክህንቱ¹³⁰፡ ንጹሐ¹³¹፡ ከመ፡ አሮን፡ ወመልከ¹³²፡ ጼዴቅ¹³³፡ ወሳሙኤል፡ ካህናተ፡ ጽድቅ፡ ዘአሪት¹³⁴፡፡ ወጊዮርጊስ¹³⁵፡ ብሂል፡ መስተገብረ፡ ሃይማኖት¹³⁶፡ ፍቁረ¹³⁷፡ እግዝእትን¹³⁸፡ ማርያም፡ ድንግል¹³⁹፡ *ወሳዲተ፡ አምሳክ¹⁴⁰፡፡ ወይት ጋደል፡ በሃይማኖት፡ ርትዕት፡ ከመ፡ ጊዮርጊስ፡ ዘልዳ፡ ሰማዕተ፡ ኢየሱስ፡ ክርስቶስ፡ በነበ፡ ንገሥት፡፡ ወክቡር¹⁴¹፡ ውእቱ፡ *በጎበ፡ ጳጳሳት፡ ወኤጲስ፡ ቆጳሳት¹⁴²፡፡

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<sup>103</sup>B በቃለ፡; C ወበቃለ፡; D ወለቃለ፡
<sup>104</sup>CD ወሥርዓቶሙ;
<sup>105</sup>D እስራኤል፡
<sup>106</sup>C adds አንተ፡
<sup>107</sup>B alters to አምእለ:
<sup>108</sup>D ዘውስተ፡ ዓለም፡ ኵሉ፡
<sup>109</sup>В нበእግዚአብሔር፡; С нለእግዚአብሔር፡
<sup>110</sup>D ፫ተ፡ ዕለተ፡
<sup>111</sup>D adds ባሕቱ፡
<sup>112</sup>For ያስተፌሥሕ፡; CD ያስተፌሥሕ፡
<sup>113</sup>D omits.
<sup>114</sup>B ብእሲተ፡
<sup>115</sup>B በ፫ አውራኅ፡, D አም፡ ሰሉሱ፡ ለወርኃ፡
<sup>116</sup>B ዘተቅምት፡
<sup>117</sup>For ወወለደት:, BCD ወወለደት:
<sup>118</sup>CD ፯ለወርኃ፡ ሐምሌ፡
<sup>119</sup>C ኩሉ፡
<sup>120</sup>B omits.
<sup>121</sup>C adds ሙጽአ፡
<sup>123</sup>D በሕልማ፡
<sup>124</sup>D ዝንቱ፡
<sup>125</sup>CD ወልድኪ፡
<sup>126</sup>*B ወልድኪ፡ ዕፍረተ፡
<sup>127</sup>D adds ሐዲስ:
<sup>128</sup>D alters ይከውኑ to ይከውኑ:
<sup>129</sup>D በሃይማኖቱ፡
<sup>130</sup>CD ወበክህንቱ፡
<sup>131</sup>BCD ንጹሔ፡
<sup>132</sup>B መልከ: D omits.
<sup>133</sup>D omits.
<sup>134</sup>B ወስሙ: ይኩን፡ ጊዮርጊስ፡
<sup>135</sup>BD ጊዮርጊስ፡
<sup>136</sup>D ጽድቅ፡ ወሃይማኖት
<sup>137</sup>D ወፍቁረ፡
<sup>138</sup>B omits.
<sup>139</sup>D omits.
<sup>140</sup>C omits.
<sup>141</sup>B ክቡር፡
<sup>142</sup>B ወበጎበ፡ ጳጳስ፡ ሊቀ፡ ጳጳሳት፡; D adds ወተሰወራ፡
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<sup>143</sup>C adds ይተመሐር፡ መጻሕፍተ፡ ቅዱሳተ፡; D adds ለመምሕር፡ ከመ፡ ይትመሐር፡ መጻሕፍተ፡ ቅዱሳተ
<sup>144</sup>C ጽድቀ
<sup>145</sup>BCD omit.
<sup>146</sup>CD ጽድቀ
<sup>147</sup>CD omit.
<sup>148</sup>For ወሶበ፡; BCD ወሶበ፡
<sup>149</sup>BCD ተምሕርተ፡ መጻሕፍተ፡
<sup>150</sup>D አጽንዖተ፡
<sup>151</sup>C ወኮን:
<sup>152</sup>*B omits; D ምንተኒ፡ አልቦ፡ ዘየአምሮ፡ ወኢኮነ፡ ነገረ፡ ቀለማት፡ አሐተኒ፡ ቃለ፡፡ ወእምድኅረ፡ ፯ ዓመት፡
<sup>153</sup>D ዝንቱ፡
<sup>154</sup>B ወልድ:
<sup>155</sup>C ተሪምርተ፡
<sup>156</sup>C ሐራዌ፡
<sup>157</sup>D adds h<sup>47</sup>h:
<sup>158</sup>D omits.
<sup>159</sup>D አሥራት፡
<sup>160</sup>C ለዓቃቤ:
<sup>161</sup>BCD omit.
<sup>162</sup>B ՈիԹ։
<sup>163</sup>BC ወአንሰ፡
<sup>164</sup>D ኢይትወከፈከ፡
<sup>165</sup>C ወአንተሰ፡; D ወአንተ፡
<sup>166</sup>C omits.
<sup>167</sup>B omits.
<sup>168</sup>B omits.; EMML 6772, ለእግዚአብሔር፡
<sup>169</sup>D ይትለአከከ፡
<sup>170</sup>B ወወሀብዎ: ከም፡ እደው፡; CD ወኃደግዎ፡ ከም፡ ዕደው፡ EMML 6772  ከም፡ እደው፡
<sup>171</sup>C በቅድሜሁ፡; D በቅድሜ妒፡ ለአምሳኪየ፡; EMML 6772 በቅድሜከ፡
<sup>172</sup>D omits.
<sup>173</sup>B ባሕር፡ ዘሐይቀ፡
<sup>174</sup>B ለመንኮሳት :
<sup>175</sup>CD ወእምድጎረዝ፡
<sup>176</sup>D ወጠን:
<sup>177</sup>For ወልድ፡; B omits; CD ወልድ፡
<sup>178</sup>D ሐዲሰ፡
<sup>179</sup>C adds ለመንኮሳት:
<sup>180</sup>B በጊዜሁ፡
<sup>181</sup>B ggrock; D gg ck
<sup>182</sup>C omits.
<sup>183</sup>D ምስሌሆሙ ;
<sup>184</sup>D adds መጠን:
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እክል¹⁸⁶:: ወይሰማድ፡ ዘእንበለ፡ *ትምህርተ፡ መጻሕፍት¹⁸⁷: በነገ(f. 66b)ሪ፡ ብሔሩ፡፡ ወይቤላ¹⁸⁸: ለእግዝእትን፡ ማርያም፡ ቀዊሞ፡ ቅድመ፡ ስእላ፡ ቅድስት¹⁸⁹፡ አእግዝእትየ¹⁹⁰፡ አሙ፡ ለአምላኪየ፡ ለምንት፡ ትትሔይይኒ¹⁹¹፡ ለገብርኪ፡ ወልደ፡ ዓመትኪ፡፡ አቡየ፡ ወሀበኒ፡ ለወልድኪ¹⁹²፡ አሥራተ፡ ከመ፡ እኩን፡ ካህነ¹⁹³፡ ለቤተ¹⁹⁴፡ መቅደስኪ፡ ወእትለዓኮሙ፡ *ለመነኮሳተ፡ ዛቲ¹⁹⁵፡ ደብር፡፡ ወአንሰ፡ ኮንኩ፡ ዘኢየምር፡ ነገሪ፡ መጽሐፍ¹⁹⁶፡ ወውዳሴ፡ ዚአኪ፡ ከመ፡ እሉ፡ ቅዱሳን፡ ምስሌሆሙ፡ ዘሀሎኩ፡ ውስተ፡ ዛቲ፡ ገጻም፡፡ አው፡ ኢኮንኩ፡ ሐራ፡ ንጉሥ፡ ዘምድራዊ¹⁹⁷፡ ከመ¹⁹⁸፡ አበውየ¹⁹⁹፡ አው²⁰⁰፡ ከመ፡ እሉ፡ መነኮሳተ²⁰¹፡ ባሕሪ፡ ሐይቅ፡፡ ምንት²⁰²፡ *ፍጥረተ፡ ሰብእ፡ ይብሉኒ²⁰³፡ ሰብአ²⁰⁴፡ ዝንቱ²⁰⁵፡ ዓለም፡ ኃላፊ²⁰⁶፡ ከመ፡ ጽላሎት፡ ቅጽበተ፡፡ አእግዝእትየ፡ ንሥእኒ፡ *በሞተ፡ ሥጋ²⁰⁷፡ ወረስዪኒ²⁰⁸፡ እኩን፡ ምስሌኪ፡፡ አስመ፡ ተማኅፀንኩ፡ *በሞተ፡ ወልድኪ²⁰⁹፡ ሕያው²¹⁰፡ ዘሞተ፡ *ለቤዛ፡ ብዙኃን፡ ዘኢይመውት²¹¹፡ በባሕርየ፡ መለኮቱ፡፡

**ወእንዘ፡ ይገብር²¹²፡ *ዘንተ²¹³፡ ዅሎ፡ ጊዜ²¹⁴፡ አሐተ²¹⁵፡ ዕለተ²¹⁶፡ መጽአት፡ ጎቤሁ፡ እግዝእትን፡ ማርያም፡ *ወትቤሎ፡ በሕልሙ²¹⁷፡ አኅሩይየ²¹⁸፡ ጊዮርጊስ²¹⁹፡ ገብርየ፡ ተዓቀብ፡ *በዝንቱ፡ ሰሙን²²⁰፡ በንጽሐ፡ ሥጋ²²¹፡፡ እስመ፡ ወልድየ፡ ይሁበከ፡ እምጸጋ፡ ጊሩቱ፡ መንፈሰ፡ ድርሰት፡ ዘመጻሕፍት፡ እስመ²²²፡ ዑሩኤልኒ²²³፡ መልአክ²²⁴፡ ሰአለ፡ (f. 67a) በእንቲአከ፡ አምጎበ፡ ወልድየ፡ ከመ፡ ዕዝራ፡ ያስቲከ²²⁵፡ ጽዋዓ፡ ልቡና፡፡ ወዘንተ፡ ብሂሳ²²⁶፡ ተሰወረት²²⁷፡፡ ወሙእቱኒ፡ ነበረ፡ ፵ዕለተ²²⁸፡ እንዘ፡ ይሰማድ፡ ቅድመ፡ ስእላ፡ በበ፼፡ ፼ፈ²²⁹፡ ለለዕለቱ፡፡

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<sup>185</sup>C ፱ተ፡ አስፌሪዳተ፡; D ፱አ፡ አስፌሪዳት፡
<sup>186</sup>D omits.
<sup>187</sup>B ትምህርት፡ ዘመጻሕፍት፡; Cትእምርት፡ መጻሕፍት፡
<sup>188</sup>D ወይብሳ፡
<sup>189</sup>B adds እንዘ ይብል፡; D ለቅድስት፡
<sup>190</sup>C ለእግዝእትየ፡
<sup>191</sup>B ተትሄይይኑ፡; D ተትኋይይኒ፡
<sup>192</sup>C adds ዓመትሲ:
<sup>193</sup>D ሳሪከ፡
<sup>194</sup>B ቤተ፡
<sup>195</sup>B ለማንኮሳት፡ ዘዛቲ፡; C ለማንኮሳት፡ በዛቲ፡ D  ለማንኮሳተ፡
<sup>196</sup>D መጻሐፍት፡
<sup>197</sup>ር ምድራዌ፡
<sup>198</sup>C adds on
<sup>199</sup>D አቡየ፡
Amharicism; ወይ የንጉሥ አሽከር ወይ ... አልሆንኩ፡
<sup>201</sup>BC መነከሳት:
<sup>202</sup>D ምንተ፡
<sup>203</sup>B alters to ፍጥረቱ፡ ሰብእ፡ ኢይብሉኒ፡; D ይቤሉኒ፡
<sup>204</sup>C ሰብእ፡
<sup>205</sup>D ከንቱ፡
<sup>206</sup>D ዛቲ፡ ዘተኃልፍ፡
<sup>207</sup>B በሞተ፡ ዘሥጋ፡; C በሞተ፡ ሥጋኪ፡
<sup>208</sup>CD ወረስይኒ:
<sup>209</sup>D በምቱ፡ ለወልድኪ፡
<sup>210</sup>C adds ወልድኪ:
<sup>211</sup>D ለቤዝወ፡ ኵሉ፡ ፍተረት፡ ዘአልቦቱ፡ ሞት፡
<sup>212</sup>D ይተመሐለል፡
213D adds 77%:
<sup>215</sup>D ወአሐተ፡
<sup>216</sup>**B ወበአሐቲ፡ ዕለት፡
<sup>217</sup>C በሕልሙ: ወትቤሎ:
<sup>218</sup>C ኅሩይየ: D አጊዮርጊስ: ኅሩይየ:
<sup>219</sup>D omits.
<sup>220</sup>C ∂σ<sub>0</sub>⋅3;
<sup>221</sup>C //;
<sup>222</sup>D omits.
<sup>224</sup>D አመልአክ፡
<sup>225</sup>C ያስትይከ፡
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*ወበ፵ሪለት፡ እምድኅረ፡ ኮነ፡ ዝንቱ፡ ነገር²³⁰፡ መጽአ፡ ኀቤሁ፡ ወሪዶ²³¹፡ እምሰማይ፡ ቅዱስ፣ ዑሩኤል²³²፣ እኂዞ፣ <u>፫</u>ጽዋዓተ²³³፣ ዘቢረሌ፣ ዘምሉሪ፣ ውስቴቶን፣ ስቴ፣ ሕይወት፣ ዘያጐሥዕ፡ ቃለ፡ መጻሕፍት። ወአስተዮ፡ ወደረሰ²³⁴፡ መጽሐፈ፡ ውዳሴሃ²³⁵፡ ዘይሰመይ፡ ጕልቈ; መዝሙሩ²³⁸; *፻ወ፱ሰላመ; ውዳሴሃ; ለማርያም²³⁹;; ወሰመይዎሙ²⁴⁰; ቅዱላን; ኢየሱስ²⁴¹። ሥልሰ²⁴²; ውዳሴሆሙ; ወዓዲ: ለመሳእክት፡ ለነቢያት፡ መዝሙረ; ወስሐዋርያት፡ ስጻድቃን፡ ወስሰማሪት²⁴³፡ ደረሰ²⁴⁴፡፡ *ወነበበ፡ ካሪበ፡ ራብዓየ፡ በሃይማኖት²⁴⁵፡ ርትሪት 246 ; ወተሰምየ: *መጽሐል ምሥጢር 247 :: ወሐምሰ 248 : ደረሰ፡ ስባሔ፡ ጥውመ: እመጻሕፍተ²⁴⁹; ብሉይ፡ ወሐዲስ፡ አስተዋጺአ፡ ብዙ*ኃ*፡ ቃሳተ²⁵⁰፡ ወሰመዮን፡ ጸሎተ፡ ወረሰዮን: ለኵላ²⁵¹: ሰዓተ²⁵²: ፳ወ፪²⁵³ ጊዜያት²⁵⁴: ዘ**መዓ**ልት: ወዘሌሊት: ዘእግዝእትን፡ ማርያም፡ በ፯ዕለት²⁶⁰፡ በ፴ወ፫ዕለተ²⁶¹፡ በዓላቲሃ²⁶²፡ ቅዱሳት፡ ወሰ*መያ መ*ጽሐፌ አርጋኖን።

ወእምድኅረዝ²⁶³; ኮነ፡ *መ*ምህሮሙ፡ ለነገሥተ²⁶⁴፡ ደቂቀ፡ ዳዊት፡ ዳግማዊ፡ ፰ቴዎድሮስ፡ ይስሐቅ፡ ወቴዎፍሎስ²⁶⁵፡ እንድርያስኒ²⁶⁶፡ *ወሀብተ፡ ኢየሱስ፡ ሕዝቅያስኒ²⁶⁷፡ ወኢዮስያስ²⁶⁸፡

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<sup>226</sup>C ብሂለ፡
<sup>227</sup>D ተሰወረቶ:
<sup>228</sup>D አርብዓ፡ ዕለተ፡
<sup>229</sup>C omits &:; D oak:
<sup>230</sup>D ወእምድኅረ፡ ፵ዕለት፡ እምዘ፡ አስተርአየቶ፡ እግዝእትን፡
<sup>231</sup>C ወረደ:
<sup>232</sup>D adds ሊቀ፡ መሳአክተ፡
<sup>233</sup>BD ፫ተ፡ ጽዋዓተ፡
<sup>234</sup>D ወሰሪቦ፡ ደረሰ፡
<sup>235</sup>BCD ውዳሴ:
<sup>236</sup>B omits.
<sup>237</sup>B <u>፫</u>ተ፡ ወበቃለ፡
<sup>238</sup>*D omits.
<sup>239</sup>C ፻ወ፶ ደረሰ፡ ውዳሴ፡ ማርያም፡; D ፻ወ፶ ደረሰ፡ ቅዳሴ፡ ዘማርያም፡
<sup>240</sup>BD ወሰሙይዎ;
<sup>241</sup>D omits.
<sup>242</sup>D adds ደረሰ፡ ወነበበ፡
<sup>243</sup>B ወሰማሪት፡; D ወለሰማሪታት፡
<sup>244</sup>Amharicism; D omits.
<sup>245</sup>D ወራብዕ፡ ደረሰ፡ መጻሕፍተ፡ ሃይማኖት፡
<sup>246</sup>C adds መጽሐፌ
<sup>247</sup>C ዘምሥጢር፡
<sup>248</sup>C ወሯሰ፡; D ወሐምስ፡
<sup>249</sup>B አመጻሐፍት፡
<sup>250</sup>D ኃይሳተ፡
<sup>251</sup>B በከዋሳ፡; CD በኵሳ፡
<sup>252</sup>CD ሰዓተ፡
<sup>254</sup>B ጊዜያተ፡
<sup>255</sup>B በጉልቈ፡
<sup>256</sup>B ፳ወ፪ቱ: ጊዜያት፡; C ፳ወ፪ቱ፡ ስን፡ ፍተረት፡; D ፳ወ፪፡ ስን፡ ፍተረት፡
<sup>257</sup>CD ወእምድኅረዝኒ:
<sup>258</sup>C ብዙኃ፡
<sup>259</sup>C ቅዳሴያተ፡ *D ቅዳሴያተ፡ ብዙኃተ፡
<sup>260</sup>C ወዘ፯ዕለታት፡; D ዘ፯ዕለታት፡
<sup>261</sup>B ዘ፴ወ፫ዕለት፡; C ዘ፴ወ፫ዕለተ፡
<sup>262</sup>B በዓሳታሃ፡
<sup>263</sup>D ወእምድኅረ፡ ዝንቱ፡
<sup>264</sup>Fot ለነገሥተ፡; BCD ለነገሥት፡
<sup>265</sup>B ቴዎፍሎስ፡
<sup>266</sup>BD እንድርያስ፡
<sup>267</sup>D ሕዝቅያስ፡
<sup>268</sup>*B ወኢዮስያስ፡ ሕዝቅያስ፡
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መዘርዓ፡ ያዕቆብ፡ ወእኅቱ፡ ብዕዕት፡ ዕሌኒ²⁶⁹፡፡ መመሐሮሙ፡ ፹ወ፩መጸሕፍተ፡ ነቢያት²⁷⁰፡ ወሐዋርያት፡ ምስለ²⁷¹፡ ትርጓሜሆን²⁷²፡ ወርትዕተ²⁷³፡ ሃይማኖተ²⁷⁴፡ ምስለ²⁷⁵፡ ግብራተ²⁷⁶፡ ጽድቅ ሥናይ²⁷⁷፡፡ ወኮን፡ ሰማዕተ፡ ጽድ²⁷⁸፡ በሃይማኖት²⁷⁹፡ ርትዕት፡፡ ወተገደለ²⁸⁰፡ ምስለ፡ ዓላዊያን፡፡ ተዋስአሙ፡ ወሞአሙ፡ በኃይለ፡ መለኮት፡ ወበቃለ፡ መጻሕፍት፡ በእንተ፡ ስመ፡ እግዚእን፡ ኢየሱስ፡ ክርስቶስ፡፡ አዕረፈ፡ እምፃማ፡ ዝንቱ²⁸¹፡ ዓለም፡፡ ፈለሰ፡ ወወረሰ፡ መንግሥተ፡ ሰማያት፡ በትንብልናሁ፡ ለሊቀ፡ መላእክት²⁸²፡ ዑሉኤል፡፡ ጸሎቱ፡ ወበረከቱ²⁸³፡ የሃሉ፡ ምስለ²⁸⁴፡ *ፍቁሩ፡ ገብረ፡ ሕይወት²⁸⁵፡ ለዓለመ፡ ዓለም፡ አሜን²⁸⁶፡፡

Translation:

(f. 63b) The miracle of Saint Uriel the Archangel. May his prayer and blessing be with his beloved *Gäbrä Ḥəywät and with its copyist, the sinner and transgressor Wäldä Śəllase²⁸⁷

It came to pass in the times of our King Dawit the Second (that) there was a man, a governor²⁸⁸ of Šägla, lover of the Archangel Uriel. Our King Dawit appointed him the first Head of Governors²⁸⁹ of the people of Təgre, because his father was formerly a prince²⁹⁰ of the Təgreans; and his origin was the city of Aksum, from the seed of the Levites and from holy people, who descended from the seed of Jephthae and Gedeon who came (to Təgre) with the *tabot* of Zion in the times of the son of King Solomon²⁹¹, as heads of the entourage of the same son of Solomon. For when Solomon made his son king over Ethiopia, the country of his (the son's) mother, he had dispatched with his son the children of Israel to the land of Təgre²⁹². For this reason, Dawit the Second appointed this governor Head of Princes²⁹³ of the land of Təgre.

The said governor did not have children. (f. 64a) So, he used to enter²⁹⁴ before the picture of the Archangel Saint Uriel in the church of Our Lady Mary, Virgin in two

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<sup>269</sup>B adds ንግሥት፡
<sup>270</sup>D ፹ወ፩መጻሕፍት፡ ዘነቢያት፡
<sup>271</sup>D እስከ፡
<sup>272</sup>B ትርጓሚሁ፡; C ትርጓሚ፡ D ተፍጻሚሆን፡
<sup>273</sup>D ወርተዕተኒ:
<sup>274</sup>BD ሃይማኖት:
<sup>275</sup>B omits.
<sup>276</sup>CD ምግባራተ፡
<sup>277</sup>D መሥናይ:
<sup>278</sup>For ጽድቅ፡; BCD ጽድቅ፡
<sup>279</sup>D ወሃይማኖት:
<sup>280</sup>For ወተጋደለ፡; BCD ወተጋደለ፡
<sup>281</sup>B እምዝንቱ፡
<sup>282</sup>D adds ቅዱስ:
<sup>283</sup>B adds ለዝንቱ፡ ጻድቅ፡ አባ፡ ጊዮርጊስ፡; C adds ለጻድቅ፡ አባ፡ ጊዮርጊስ፡; D adds ለዝንቱ፡ ጻድቅ፡ አባ፡
ጊዮርጊስ፡ ወትንብልና፡ ረድኤቱ፡ ለቅዱስ፡ ዑሩኤል፡
<sup>284</sup>C ends with ምስሌነ፡ አሜን፡፡
<sup>285</sup>B ገብሩ፡ ወልደ፡ ፋሲለደስ፡ D ንጉሥነ፡ ኃይለ፡ ሥሳሴ፡ ወምስለ፡ ንግሥትን፡ ወለተ፡ ጊዮርጊስ፡
<sup>286</sup>D onits.
<sup>287</sup>B "Wäldä Fasilädäs forever and ever. Amen;" C "with us. Amen; D In the name of the Father...we
   write the miracle of...May his prayer and the gift of his help be with our King Haile Sellasie, our
   Queen Wälättä Giyorgis, with all of us, the children of baplism, and its reader, forever and ever.
Àmen."

288 Mäk<sup>w</sup>ännən.
<sup>289</sup>Rə'əsä Mäk<sup>w</sup>anənt.
<sup>290</sup>Mäsfən.
<sup>291</sup>Menelik I or Bäynä Ləhkəm.
<sup>292</sup>Carl Bezold, Kebra Nagast:die Herrlichkeit der Könige, Münchin, 1909, pp. 44-46.
<sup>293</sup>Rə'əsä Mäsafənt.
<sup>294</sup>B, "to stand."
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wavs. Mother of God, in the locality of Šägla, called Däbrä Mahəw²⁹⁵, (and) pray, weeping and repeatedly prostrating to the ground for many days. He said, "O God of the Archangel Uriel who dishonors the lofty and exalts the meek²⁹⁶, who created all from nothing²⁹⁷ by the wisdom of your Holy Trinity. There is nothing impossible for you; every thing is possible for you. Why do you neglect me, your servant, because of my sin? Rather, remember the covenant (you made with) Abraham, your beloved one; Isaac, your friend; and Jacob your saint, to whom you spoke, saying, in the covenant of your words that would not be belied, "I shall multiply your seed more than the stars of the sky and the sand of the sea."298 Now as well as before you are the (same) God of all creatures. Hear my prayer²⁹⁹, O Lord; and give ear to the words of my petition³⁰⁰, for the sake of Our Lady Mary, your Bearer, and for the sake of Uriel, the angel of the keepers of your Commandments: give me a son who would please you and do your Commandments, as (f. 64b) my fathers the Israelites, who did not know a god other than you, have done. If I do not have a child, whom will you give the appointment of my pure fathers who used to do your will in ancient times according to the words of your Commandment, the law of Moses, and according to the words of your holy³⁰¹ Apostles. For I remained alone today in this cruel world of the children of all the princes of Israel, your servants who did your will in good worship of you, the Creator of all the worlds. And my wife, your maiden, too, is from the seed of your pure priests. Now, grant her³⁰², O Lord, by your enormous generosity, that would not be finished for ever and ever, a good son who will do good to your shrine according to the rules of your Gospel."

He continued doing this performance in prayer before the picture of the Archangel Uriel, crying with many tears and prostrating himself to the ground repeatedly in Däbrä Maḥəw³⁰³ of the locality of Šägla, the courtyard of our Our Lady Mary, Bearer of God. One day Saint Uriel came to him from above the heaven, as he was praying before his picture, and said to him, "Peace be to you, O my beloved Həywät Bənä³⁰⁴, the servant of the Son of God, Our Lord Jesus (f. 65a) Christ, for your prayer, petition and almsgiving in good worship have been heard before the Almighty³⁰⁵ God. Behold, your wife shall conceive this week and give birth to a good son who shall be a teacher of the whole world; savior (of others) by his prayer from the death of Hades; a lover of Virgin Mary, Bearer of Emmanuel; an admonisher of kings; fighter³⁰⁶ of the heretics of faith with the sword of the words of the Apostles that would erase them from the country of Ethiopia; and leader of the priests of righteousness from the darkness of heresy toward the light of the words of the Gospel of Christ with the teaching of the law of the Apostles, the words of prophesy and preceps of the holy Prophets of Israel who spilled their blood for the sake of God from the time of Moses and Aaron to the blood of Zacharias son of

²⁹⁵Probably a confusion with Däbrä Baḥrəy.

²⁹⁶BCD, "the wretched."

²⁹⁷D "revealing to being

²⁹⁸Cf. Gen 22:17.

²⁹⁹B, adds "and petition." ³⁰⁰Cf. Ps 38:13/38:12, and Ps 101:2/102:1.

³⁰¹B "pure."

³⁰²BD "me."

³⁰³ Sic, probably, Däbrä Baḥrəy, the monastery of the saint.

Sic, probably, David Bain'sy, the monastery of the saint.

304 *Gädl*, "Həzbā Şəyon," Colin, *Vie* p. 5; but the *Gädl* agrees that Giyorgis was an Israelite, *ibid*., pp. 25 and 27.

305 Lit. "holder of the whole world.

³⁰⁶Lit. "enemy."

Barachias³⁰⁷. Singing priests of God that are in the whole world shall glorify God with the words of the homilies³⁰⁸ of his praise."

When (Həywät Bənä) heard the glad tidings, he was greatly startled. He spent three days in admiration because the appearance of (Uriel's) face was admirable, amazing and wonderful. And the taste of his words inspires pleasure, much more than a cluster of grapes³⁰⁹ and milk. So, (f. 65b) his wife conceived in the same week, on the third of Təgəmt, season of flower and fragrant odor of all perfumes, and gave birth on 7 Hamle³¹⁰, on the holy day of the Holy Trinity, Creator of all the worlds.

On the day the child was born, the Archangel Uriel came to his mother³¹¹, stood on the top of her house, appeared to her in a dream, and said to her, "This child of yours, his name shall be Giyorgis of the perfume tongue; (he shall be) a new apostle whose faith will be like (that of) Peter and Paul; and his priesthood will be pure like (that of) Aaron, Melchisedec and Samuel priests of righteousness of the Old Testament. Giyorgis means practitioner of faith (and) beloved of Our Lady Virgin Mary, Bearer of God. He shall fight in the Orthodox faith, with kings, like George of Lydda, Martyr of Jesus Christ. He will be honored by metropolitans and bishops."

After that, they called his name Giyorgis, and gave him to Abba Śärägä Bərhan, the teacher at Hayq, Paradise of the East, and a righteous 'Aggabe Sä'at, so that he might learn the holy scriptures. When he started learning, (memorizing) the alphabet became impossible and hard for him. He stayed seven years and still knew (f. 66a) not even a single letter of the alphabet. After seven years, his teacher returned him to his father, and said to him, "Learning the scriptures has become impossible for this child of yours. I am therefore returning him to you. Make him a king's soldier so that he may be a prince³¹² like yourself." His father replied and said to the teacher, "But I have given him to God so that he may be a priest, a fief, to observe the law of God. If my God has not willed his education, let him make him as he wants. I will not receive (him) back from you. Make him your (errand) boy, for I have given him to the house of God so that he may serve (God). I have abandoned him (as) 'adaw³¹³ before me³¹⁴ to be a vow for me according to my words." So, the teacher took him back again from his father to the island of Lake Hayq, and made him an attendant of the monks.

From then on, he started his good combat together with the holy monks. He prostrated to the ground 2,300 prostrations when the monks repeatedly prostrated themselves to the ground before our God at each hour³¹⁵. He ground nine baskets³¹⁶ of grain when they ground. He worshipped, without the knowledge of (what) the scriptures (say), in the language of his (f. 66b) region. He said to Our Lady Mary, standing before her holy icon, "O My Lady, Mother of my God, why do you neglect me, your servant, son of your maid. My father gave me to your Son a fief so that I may be a priest at your shrine and serve the monks of this monastery. But I do not know what the books and

Not clear; all the manuscripts have problem with this expression. B "I have given him like men;" CD

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<sup>307</sup>Lk 11: 51.
<sup>308</sup>"Dərsan."
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³⁰⁹I.e. "wine."

³¹⁰ According to the *Gädl*, this is the day on which he died, p. 53. 311 *Gädl*, "Hmmənä Şəyon," Colin, *Vie*, p. 5.

 $^{^{312}}M\ddot{a}sf$ ən.

[&]quot;I have abandoned him like men;" EMML 6772 "I have given him to God so that he may serve like

C "before him;" D "before my God;" EMML 6772 "before you."

These are the special hours (Sä'atat) of the daily preyers.

³¹⁶"Asfäridat."

(the words of) your praise say, like these monks, though I live with them in this abbey. I am neither a soldier of the earthly king like my fathers nor (am serving) like these monks of Däbrä Hayg. "What (kind) of human creature (is he)?" say of me people of this world that passes in a moment like a shadow. O My Lady, take me by death of the body and make me live with you, for I take refuge at the death of your living Son who died for the redemption of many, while he does not die in his divine nature."

As he was doing this all the time, Our Lady Mary came to him one day, and said to him in his dream, "O my chosen Giyorgis, my servant, keep yourself this week in purity of the flesh³¹⁷, for my Son shall grant you, from the grace of his generosity, the spirit of composing books because the Archangel Uriel has asked (f. 67a) for your sake from my Son that he may make you drink a cup of perception like Ezra." She said this and disappeared. And he lived forty days prostrating himself to the ground repeatedly before her icon several thousand times a day.

Forty days after this incident took place, Saint Uriel³¹⁸ came to him descending from heaven, carrying five crystal chalices filled with a drink of life³¹⁹ that makes one pour forth words of books, and made him drink. So, first he authored the book of her praise, called *Ho hət ä B ərhan*³²⁰; then he uttered a commentary³²¹ on the five psalms of David³²²; and 150 greetings of praise of Mary, according to the number of his (David's) psalms, which the saints called *Mäzmurä Iyyäsus*³²³. Furthermore, he authored, thirdly, praises of the angels, prophets, saints, and martyrs³²⁴. He also uttered a fourth one, on the Orthodox faith, which was called Mäṣḥafä Məstir³²⁵. Fifth, he authored a sweet praise, taking many words from the scriptures of the Old and New (Testaments), and called it³²⁶ Sälotä Sä'atat³²⁷, and ordered them into each of the twenty-two hours of the day and night according to the twenty-two creations³²⁸. After this, he authored many praises of (f. 67b) of Our Lady Mary for the seven days and for the thirty-three days of her holy days, and called it Mäshafä Arganon³²⁹.

After that, he became the teacher of the princes³³⁰ the children of King Dawit the Second: Tewodros, Yəshaq, Tewoflos, Endəryas, Habta İyyasus, Həzqyas, İyyosyas, Zär'a Ya'əqob and his sister the blessed 'Hlleni. He taught them the eighty-one (canonical) books of the Prophets and Apostles, with their commentary, and the Orthodox faith, accompanied with good righteous deeds. He became martyr of truth in

³¹⁷ Gädl, "purify yoursef and sancrify your soul," Colin, Vie, p. 8.
318 Gädl, "Gabriel," Colin, Vie, p. 9.
319 Gädl, "taken from the sea of life," Colin, Vie, p. 9.
320 Portal of Light," Marcus van den Oudenrijn, Helenae Aethiopicum.

³²¹B omits

Not clear, *Gädl*, "five word of mystery," Colin, *Vie*, p. 12.

³²³ Psalms of Jesus," unidentified; it should not be cofused with *Mäzmurä Krəstos*--which I ascribe to Abba Bahroy--even though it is also called Mäzmurä Iyyäsus. There are internal evidence that tesify that the Mäzmurä Krastos was composed over a century and half later, during the times of Ase Śarza Dəngəl (1563-97. Furthemore, the Mäzmurä Krəstos is not about Mary.

Deligor (1505-7). I directioner, the Malma A IV estos is not accounting.

324 This must be his Ag'abher Nägśä, Getatchew Haile, The Different collections of Nägś hymns, pp. 52-

^{62. 325} Book of Mystery," Yacob Beyene, *Giyorgis di Saglā Il Libro del Mistero*.

³²⁶Lit. "them."

Horologium, cf. EMML 4, Macomber, *A Catalogue*, p. 215.

AB "hours." For the copy of his *Sätotä Sä'at*, see especially EMML 204, Macomber, *ibid*. EMML 204 was copied in 1959 from a fifteenth-century Şätotä Sä'at belonging to the monastery of its author.

329"Book of Organ," Leander, 'Argānona Ueddāsē.

330 The word is nägäśi, plural of nəguś, translated normally with "king/ kings." But one finds in the

literature where the children of a nəguś are called nänäśt.

the Orthodox faith³³¹. He fought the heretics; he debated them and defeated them by divine power and by the words of the scriptures, regarding the name of Our Lord Jesus Christ. He rested from the agony of this world; he departed and inherited the Kingdom of Heaven by the prayers of the Archangel Uriel. May his prayers and (the prayers) of this righteous Abba Giyorgis be with his beloved Gäbrä Ḥəywät³³² for ever and ever. Amen³³³.

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- አለቃ አየለ ሰሎሞንና ሌሎች፥ *መጽሐፈ ሰዓታት፡ በግዕዝና፡ በአጣርኛ፡፡ ዘሌሊት፤ ወዘነግሁ*፡ አዲስ፡ አባባ: ፲፱፻፶፫ ዓ. ም.

³³¹According to his Gädl, Ase Dawit has him floged and banished to an isolated mountain top, Colin, Vie,

p. 33.

B Wäldä Fasilädäs.

"...with our King Haile Sellasie and our Queen Wälättä